In 2020, **Black Americans** represented **14%** of the **U.S. population**, but **42%** of those **newly diagnosed with HIV**. Social determinants of health such as **poverty**, **lack of health insurance**, **income inequality**, **food insecurity**, and **unemployment** can **negatively impact HIV-related health outcomes** for **Black Americans**.

**Source:** Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. NCHHSTP AtlasPlus

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**Household Income**

- **The U.S. Median Household income** is **$64,994**
- **The median household income for Black Americans** is **$43,674**

**Poverty**

- **12.8%** of **U.S. population** are living in poverty.
- **22.1%** of **Black Americans** are living in poverty.

**Uninsured**

- **8.7%** of **U.S. population** are lacking health insurance.
- **9.9%** of **Black Americans** are lacking health insurance.

**Social determinants of health** such as poverty, lack of health insurance, income inequality, food insecurity, and unemployment can negatively impact HIV-related health outcomes for Black Americans.

**Food Insecurity**

- **11.8%** of **U.S. population** are living with food insecurity.
- **24.0%** of **Black Americans** are living with food insecurity.

**Unemployment**

- **8.1%** of **U.S. population** are unemployed.
- **11.4%** of **Black Americans** are unemployed.

*Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, data from 2020 should be interpreted with caution.*